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PRATISHTA INSTITUTE OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES



Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi, Affiliated to JNTU and SBTET, Hyderabad & Recognised by Govt of Telangana

Durajpally (V), Chivemla (M), Suryapet District - 508 214, Telangana

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Percentage of Programmes in which Choice Based Credit system (CBCS)/elective course system has been implemented

Academic year	Course name	Year	Code	Type	Subject name
2023-2024	Pharmaceutical Analysis	I-I	Professional Core-I	PC-I	Modern Pharmaceutical Analysis Techniques
			Professional Core-II	PC-II	Pharmaceutical Food Analysis
		I-I	Professional Elective-I	PE-I	Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis
			Professional Elective-II	PE-II	Pharmaceutical Validation
		I-II	Professional Core-III	PC-III	Advanced Instrumental Analysis - I
			Professional Core-IV	PC-IV	Pharmaceutical Quality Control & Quality Assurance
		I-II	Professional Elective-III	PE-III	Modern Bio-analytical Techniques
			Professional Elective-IV	PE-IV	Advanced Instrumental Analysis - II
		II-I	Professional Elective-V	PE-V	Production Area Design and Packaging Development
			Open Elective	OP	Cosmetic Science

PRINCIPALPratishtha Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences
Durajpally (V), Chivemla (M), Suryapet (Dt.)-508214


	PHARMACEUTICS / PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY	I-I	Professional Core-I	PC-I	Modern Pharmaceutics-
			Professional Core-II	PC-II	Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics
			Professional Elective-I	PE-I	Advanced Physical Pharmaceutics
			Professional Elective-II	PE-II	Stability of Drugs and Dosage Forms
		I-II	Professional Core-II	PC-III	Modern Pharmaceutics - II
			Professional Core-IV	PC-IV	Advanced Drug Delivery Systems
		I-II	Professional Elective-III	PE-III	Industrial Pharmacy
			Professional Elective-IV	PE-IV	Nano based Drug Delivery Systems
		II-I	Professional Elective-V	PE-V	Production Area Design and Packaging Development
			Open Elective	OP	Cosmetic Science
	PHARMACOLOGY	I-I	Professional Core-I	PC-I	Advanced Pharmacology-I
			Professional Core-II	PC-II	Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics
			Professional Elective-I	PE-I	Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance
			Professional Elective-II	PE-II	Principles of Toxicology
		I-II	Professional Core-II	PC-III	Advanced Pharmacology - II
			Professional Core-IV	PC-IV	Pharmacological Screening Methods and Toxicology


PRINCIPAL

Pratishtha Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences
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		I-II	Professional Elective-III	PE-III	Quality Use of Medicines
			Professional Elective-IV	PE-IV	Pharmacokinetic and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring
		II-I	Professional Elective-V	PE-V	Hospital and Community Pharmacy
			Open Elective	OP	Drug Regulatory Affairs


IQAC coordinator


Principal
PRINCIPAL
 Pratishtha Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences
 Durajpally (V), Chivemla (Mn), Suravalli (D), 508214

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.PHARMACY (PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS)
R22 COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS
Effective from Academic Year 2022-23 Admitted Batch

I YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Core-I	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-II	Pharmaceutical Food Analysis	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-I	1. Advanced Pharmaceutical Analysis 2. Drug Regulatory Affairs 3. Phytochemistry	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-II	1. Pharmaceutical Validation 2. Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals 3. Stability of Drugs and Dosage forms	3	1	0	4
	Research Methodology & IPR	2	0	0	2
Laboratory-I	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory-II	Pharmaceutical food Analysis Lab	0	0	6	3
Audit - II	Audit course- I	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

I YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Core-III	Advanced Instrumental Analysis - I	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-IV	Pharmaceutical Quality Control & Quality Assurance	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-III	1. Modern Bio-analytical Techniques 2. Herbal Cosmetics 3. Pharmacoepidemiology & Pharmacoeconomics	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-IV	1. Advanced Instrumental Analysis - II 2. Nutraceuticals 3. Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance	3	1	0	4
Laboratory- III	Advanced Instrumental Analysis I Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory- IV	Pharmaceutical Quality Control & Quality Assurance Lab	0	0	6	3
	Mini project	2	0	0	2
Audit - II	Audit Course - II - Value Education	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	Total	16	4	16	26

II YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Elective-V	1. Biostatistics 2. Scale up and Technology Transfer 3. Production Area Design and Packaging Development	3	1	0	4
Open Elective	Open Elective - Cosmetic Science	3	1	0	4
Dissertation	Comprehensive Viva Voce	0	0	8	4
	Dissertation Work Review - II	0	0	24	12
	Total	6	2	32	24

II YEAR II SEMESTER

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Dissertation	Dissertation Work Review - III	0	0	24	12
Dissertation	Dissertation Viva-Voce	0	0	20	10
	Total	0	0	44	22

***For Dissertation Work Review - I, Please refer R22 Academic Regulations.**

Audit Courses I&II:

1. English for Research Paper Writing
2. Disaster Management
3. Sanskrit for Technological Learning
4. Value Education
5. Constitution of India
6. Pedagogy Studies
7. Stress Management by Yoga
8. Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (Professional Core - I)

Course Objective: The course is designed to impart the knowledge in the field of Pharmaceutical Analysis. The various modern analytical techniques like UV-Visible, IR, NMR, Mass, GC, HPLC, different chromatographic methods and other important topics are taught to enable the students to understand and apply the principles involved in the determination of different bulk drugs and their formulation. In addition to the theoretical aspects, the basic practical knowledge relevant to the analysis is also imparted.

Course Outcome: The appreciable knowledge will be gained by the students in the Modern Analytical Techniques and can apply the theories in the Analysis of various bulk drugs and their formulations. The students will also be in a position to apply their knowledge in developing the new methods for the determination and validate the procedures.

UNIT I

Introduction to chromatography and classification of chromatographic methods based on the mechanism of separation

- a. **Column Chromatography:** Adsorption and partition, theory, preparation, procedure and methods of detection
- b. **Thin Layer Chromatography:** Theory, preparation, procedures, detection of compounds
- c. **Paper Chromatography:** Theory, different techniques employed, filter papers used, qualitative and quantitative detection

UNIT II

- a. **Gas chromatography:** Introduction, fundamentals, instrumentation, columns: preparation and operation, detection, derivatization.
- b. **HPLC:** Basic parameters, Principles and instrumentation, solvents and columns used, Operational modes, detection and applications of HPLC
- c. **HPTLC:** Theory and principle, instrumentation, elution techniques and pharmaceutical applications

UNIT III

- a. **UV-Visible spectroscopy:** Introduction, electromagnetic spectrum, absorbance laws and limitations, instrumentation-design and working principle, chromophore concept, auxochromes, Wood-Fisher rules for calculating absorption maximum, applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy
- b. **IR spectroscopy:** Basic principles -Molecular vibrations, vibrational frequency, factors influencing vibrational frequencies, sampling techniques, instrumentation, interpretation of spectra, FT-IR, theory and applications

UNIT IV

Mass spectroscopy: Theory, ionization techniques: electron impact ionization, chemical ionization, field ionization, fast atom bombardment, plasma desorption, fragmentation process: types of fission, resolution, GC/MS, **interpretation of spectra** and applications for identification and structure determination.

UNIT V

NMR: Theory, instrumentation, chemical shift, shielding and deshielding effects, splitting of signals, spin-spin coupling, proton exchange reactions, coupling constant(J), nuclear overhauser effect (NOE), ¹³CNMR spectra and its applications, 2D-NMR, COSY and applications in pharmacy.

REFERENCES:

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Douglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
4. A Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kerrenth A. Connors
5. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
6. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
7. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar
8. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
10. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D. Sethi
11. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein
12. HPTLC by P.D. Seth
13. Indian Pharmacopoeia 2007
14. High Performance thin layer chromatography for the analysis of medicinal plants by Eike Reich, Anne Schibli
15. Introduction to instrumental analysis by Robert. D. Braun

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
PHARMACEUTICAL FOOD ANALYSIS (Professional Core – II)

Course Objective: This course is designed to impart knowledge on analysis of food constituents and finished food products. The course includes application of instrumental analysis in the determination of pesticides in variety of food products.

Course Outcome: At completion of this course student shall be able to understand various analytical techniques in the determination of

- Food constituents
- Food additives
- Finished food products
- Pesticides in food
- Pharmaceuticals (API & Dosage forms)
- And also student shall have the knowledge on food regulations and legislations

UNIT I

- a. **Carbohydrates:** Classification and properties of food carbohydrates, General methods of analysis of food carbohydrates
- b. **Proteins:** Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, Physico-Chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids

UNIT II

Probiotics: Definition, history, importance, mode of action, identification advantages and disadvantages of probiotics. Applications of Probiotics

UNIT III

Lipids: Classification, general methods of analysis, refining of fats and oils; hydrogenation of vegetable oils, Determination of adulteration in fats and oils.

UNIT IV

Vitamins: Classification of vitamins, methods of analysis of vitamins, Principles of microbial assay of vitamins of B-series

UNIT V

- a. **General Analytical methods** for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk.
- b. **Analysis of fermentation products** like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. The chemical analysis of foods – David Pearson, Seventh edition, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 1976
2. Introduction to the Chemical analysis of foods – S. Nielsen, Jones & Bartlett publishers, Boston London, 1994.
3. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International, sixth edition, Volume I & II, 1997.
4. Analysis of Food constituents – Multon, Wiley VCH.
5. Dr. William Horwitz, Official methods of analysis of AOAC International
6. 18th edition, 2005. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Lieberman and Lachman

REFERENCES:

1. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences by Alfonso and Gennaro
2. Food Chemistry and Nutrition: A Comprehensive Treatise, Sumathi S, Pharmamed Press.
3. David Pearson, The Chemical Analysis of Foods, 7th edn, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
4. Nielsen S. Introduction to chemical analysis of foods. Jones & Bartlett Publishers, Boston, 1974
5. Indian Pharmacopoeia 2012

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
ADVANCED PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Professional Elective - I)

Course Objective: The principles and procedures for the determination of various pharmaceutical bulk drugs and their formulations belonging to different categories are discussed in detail. The applications of the important reagents like MBTH, FC, PDAB etc. in the determination of the pharmaceuticals are also discussed.

Course Outcome: The quantitative determination of various organic compounds is clearly understood. The spectral analysis, dissolution parameters and microbial assays are also learned.

UNIT I

Principles and procedures involved in the determination of the official compounds in IP with the following analytical techniques

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Non-aqueous | C. Complexometric |
| B. Oxidation-reduction | D. Diazotization methods |
| E. Neutralization | F. Acid – Base |

UNIT II

A detailed study of the principles and procedures involved in the quantitative determination of the following organic functional groups

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| A. Amines | C. Carbonyl compounds |
| B. Esters | D. Hydroxy and carboxyl |
| E. Amino Acids | |

UNIT III

- a. **Reference Standards:** Types, preparation methods and uses.
- b. Principles and procedures involved in using the following reagents in the determination of pharmaceutical dosage forms official in IP
 - a. MBTH (3-methyl-2-benzothiazolone hydrazone)
 - b. F.C. Reagent (Folin-Ciocalteu)
 - c. PDAB (*para*-Dimethyl Amino Benzaldehyde)
 - d. 2, 3, 5 - *tri*Phenyltetrazolium salt
 - e. 2,6 *di* -ChloroquinoneChlorimide
 - f. *N* - (1-naphthyl) ethylenediaminedihydrochloride (B.M. Reagent)
 - g. Carr – Price Reagent
 - h. 2,4 - DNP

UNIT IV

- a. **Analysis of Excipients:** Tests related to excipients such as bulk density, tapped density, particle size distribution, pH, moisture content, viscosity (dynamic), loss on drying, ash content, conductivity.
- b. **Excipients of interest:** Disintegrating agents, binders, emulsifiers, viscosity modifiers and preservatives including preservative challenge test.

UNIT V

- a. **Dissolution Tests:** Types of Dissolution apparatus, dissolution test requirements for immediate release, delayed release, extended release dosage forms, coated, uncoated, enteric coated, gelatin capsules etc.
- b. **Microbiological assays and Biological tests:** Antimicrobial effectiveness testing, microbial limit tests, sterility test. Antibiotics-microbial assays, bacterial endotoxins test.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pharmaceutical Chemistry by Becket and Stanlake
2. Pharmaceutical Analysis by Higuchi, Bechmman and Hassan
3. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis By B.K. Sharma
4. A Text Book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kennenth A. Conners
5. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
6. Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers.
7. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, DK Sarkar, Pharmamed Press

REFERENCES:

1. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences by Alfonso and Gennaro
2. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P.D. Sethi
3. Indian Pharmacopoeia 2010
4. Journals (Indian Drugs, IJPS etc.)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION (Professional Elective - III)

Course Objective: The main purpose of the subject is to understand about validation and how it can be applied to industry and thus to improve the quality of the products. The subject covers the complete information about validation, types, methodology and application.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to

- Explain the aspect of validation
- Carryout validation of manufacturing processes
- Apply the knowledge of validation to instruments and equipments

UNIT I

Introduction: Definition of Qualification and Validation, Advantage of Validation, Streamlining of Qualification & Validation process and Validation Master Plan.

Qualification: User Requirement Specification, Design Qualification, Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)/ Site Acceptance Test (SAT), Installation Qualification, Operational Qualification, Performance Qualification, Re- Qualification (Maintaining status -Calibration Preventive Maintenance, Change management), Qualification of Manufacturing Equipment, Qualification of Analytical Instruments and Laboratory equipments.

UNIT II

Qualification of analytical instruments: Electronic balance, pH meter, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, GC, HPLC, HPTLC

Qualification of Glassware: Volumetric flask, pipette, Measuring cylinder, beakers and burette.

UNIT III

Qualification of laboratory equipments: Hardness tester, Friability test apparatus, tap density tester, Disintegration tester, Dissolution test apparatus.

Validation of Utility systems: Pharmaceutical water system & pure steam, HVAC system, Compressed air and nitrogen.

UNIT IV

Cleaning Validation: Cleaning Validation - Cleaning Method development, Validation and validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of Equipment. Cleaning of Facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP).

UNIT V

Analytical method validation: General principles, Validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines and USP.

- Validate the manufacturing facilities

REFERENCES:

1. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash, "Pharmaceutical Process Validation", Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3rd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd edition, Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman, Joseph. L. Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation Master plan by Terveeks or Deeks, Davis Harwood International publishing.
4. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes, 2nd Edition, by Carleton & Agalloco, (Marcel Dekker).
5. Pharmaceutical Facilities: Design, Layouts and Validation, Potdar, Pharmamed Press

6. Michael Levin, Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up, Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157, 2nd Ed., Marcel Dekker Inc., N.Y.
7. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider
8. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A. Cloud, Interpharm Press
9. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products, Frederick J. Carlton (Ed.) and James Agalloco (Ed.), Marcel Dekker, 2nd Ed.
10. Analytical Method validation and Instrument Performance Verification by Churg Chan, Heiman Lam

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

Course Objectives:

- To understand the research problem
- To know the literature studies, plagiarism and ethics
- To get the knowledge about technical writing
- To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments
- To know the patent rights

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information
- Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

UNIT I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

UNIT II

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics

UNIT III

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

UNIT IV

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT V

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"

2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction".
3. Pharmaceutical Research Methodology and Biostatistics, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press.
4. Intellectual Property Rights in Pharmaceutical Industry, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press.

REFERENCES:

1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New
7. Technological Age", 2016.
8. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES LAB (Laboratory – I)

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Colorimetry / UV / Visible, Spectroscopy, scanning of few compounds for UV-absorption, calculation of Assay / content uniformity / % of drug release (2-3 experiments.)
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiment base on HPLC (Isocratic and gradient) Techniques – (2 experiments)
4. Incompatibility studies, identification and functional groups – Determination by FTIR (2 experiments)
5. Separation and calculation of R_f values by using paper chromatography, TLC, HPTLC Technique (2-3 experiments)
6. Calibration of glasswares
7. Calibration of pH meter
8. Calibration of UV-Visible spectrophotometer
9. Calibration of FTIR spectrophotometer
10. Calibration of HPLC instrument

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
PHARMACEUTICAL FOOD ANALYSIS LAB (Laboratory –II)

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Determination of total reducing sugar
2. Determination of proteins
3. Determination of saponification value, Iodine value, Peroxide value, Acid value in food products
4. Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products
5. Analysis of natural and synthetic colors & food additives in food
6. Determination of preservatives in food
7. Determination of pesticide residue in food products
8. Assay of any two Analgesic & Antipyretic drugs (API & dosage forms) official in IP
9. Assay of any two Antihistamines (API & dosage forms) official in IP
10. Assay of any two Diuretics (API & dosage forms) official in IP
11. Microbiological assay of any two Antibiotics official in IP

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS – I (Professional Core - III)

Course Objectives: This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC-MS, GC-MS, and hyphenated techniques.

Course Outcome: By the completion of topics the students will come out with the thorough knowledge of various spectral aspects of X-Ray, IR, SEM, ORD etc which help them in further projects works and also industrial opportunities.

UNIT I

X-Ray diffraction methods: Origin of X-rays, basic aspects of crystals, X-ray crystallography, miller indices, rotating crystal techniques, single crystal diffraction, powder diffraction, structural elucidation and applications.

UNIT II

- a. **Biochromatography:** Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles, stationary phases and mobile phases.
- b. **Super critical fluid chromatography:** Principles, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.

UNIT III

Capillary Electrophoresis: Overview of CE in pharmaceutical analysis, basic configuration, CE characteristics, principles of CE, methods and modes of CE. General considerations and method development in CE,

UNIT IV

- a. **DSC:** Principle, thermal transitions, instrumentation (Heat flux and power- compensation designs), Modulated DSC, Hyper DSC, experimental parameters (sample preparation, experimental conditions, calibration, heating and cooling rates, resolution, Sources of errors) and their influence, advantages and disadvantages, pharmaceutical applications.
- b. **DTA:** Principle, instrumentation, advantage and disadvantage, pharmaceutical application, derivative differential thermal analysis (DDTA).
- c. **TGA:** Principle, instrumentation, factors affecting results, advantages and disadvantages, pharmaceutical application.

UNIT V

Scanning electron microscope (SEM): Principles, Instrumentation and applications.
Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD), Circular Dichroism, Cotton effect, Octane rule and applications.

REFERENCES:

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma
3. A Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kerrenth A. Connors
4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
6. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar
7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D. Sethi
10. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein
11. HPTLC by P.D. Seth

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
(Professional Core – IV)

Course Objectives: This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It covers the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications, GLP and regulatory affairs.

Course Outcome: The study of this subject builds the confidence in the minds on the students to develop and formulate high quality pharmaceutical products.

UNIT I

- a. **Impurity and stability studies:** Definition, classification of impurities in drug Substance or Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients and quantification of impurities as per ICH guidelines.
- b. **Impurities in new drug products:** Rationale for the reporting and control of degradation products, reporting degradation products content of batches, listing of degradation products in specifications, qualification of degradation products
- c. **Impurities in residual solvents:** General principles, classification of residual solvents, Analytical procedures, limits of residual solvents, reporting levels of residual solvents.

UNIT II

- a. Concepts of Quality Assurance, Total Quality Management, Philosophy of GMP and cGMP
- b. Guidelines for Quality Assurance of Human Blood Products and large volume parenterals.

UNIT III

- a. Organization and personnel, responsibilities, training hygiene
- b. **Premises:** Location, design, plan Layout, construction, maintenance and sanitations, environmental control, sterile areas, control of contamination.
- c. **Equipments:** Selection, purchase specifications, maintenance, clean in place, sterilize in place – Raw – materials: Purchase specifications, maintenance of stores, selection of vendors, controls and raw materials.

UNIT IV

- a. Packaging and labeling controls, line clearance and other packaging materials.
- b. Quality Control Laboratory: Responsibilities, good laboratory practices, routine controls, instruments, protocols, non-clinical testing, controls on animal house, data generation and storage.

UNIT V

Manufacture and controls on dosage forms

- a. Manufacturing documents, Master Formula, Batch Formula, Records, Standard Operating Procedures,
- b. In process quality control on various dosage forms sterile and biological products, standard operating procedures for various operations like cleaning, filling, drying, compression, coating, disinfection, sterilization, membrane filtration etc.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. The International Pharmacopoeia Vol 1,2,3,4, 3rd edition General Methods of Analysis Quality Specifications for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excipients, Dosage Forms.
2. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals. A Compendium of Guidelines and Related Material Vol. 1 and Vol. 2, WHO 2007)
3. GMP by Mehra

4. Pharmaceutical Process Validation by Berry and Nash
5. How to Practice GMP's – P.P. Sharma

REFERENCES:

1. Basic Tests for Pharmaceutical Substances - WHO (1991)
2. The Drugs and Cosmetic Act 1940 by Vijay Malik
3. Q.A. Manual by D.H. Shah
4. Pharmaceutical Quality Assurance and Management, K. P. Bhusari, Pharmamed Press
5. SOP Guidelines by D.H. Shah
6. Quality Assurance Guide by OPPI
7. Good Manufacturing-Practices for Pharmaceuticals, by Graham Bunn and Joseph 6th Ed. D. Nally (Dec 26, 2006)
8. Analytical Profiles of drug substances and Excipients – Harry G Brittan, Volume 21 – 30, Elsevier, 2005.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (Professional Core - IV)

Course Objectives: This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge about the importance of analysis of drugs in biological matrices.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand

- Extraction of drugs from biological samples
- Separation of drugs from biological samples using different techniques
- Guidelines for BA/BE studies

UNIT I

Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices: General need, principle and procedure involved in the Bioanalytical methods such as Protein precipitation, Liquid -Liquid extraction and Solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach.

UNIT II

Biopharmaceutical Consideration: Introduction, Biopharmaceutical Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing Transport models, Biopharmaceutics Classification System. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods.

UNIT III

Bioanalysis and bioanalytical method validation:

- a. Types of body fluids, requirement of analysis, matrix effects, non-biological analytical samples.
- b. Bioanalytical method validation: USFDA and EMEA guidelines. Acceptance criteria in comparison to non-biological samples.

UNIT IV

Pre-Formulation: A consideration of following characteristics of medicinal agents in their dosage form:

Physical characteristics-Particle size, polymorphism, crystal form, solubility, Interfacial tension, Salt formation, wetting of solids, flow characteristics, compressibility and Partition coefficient.

Chemical Characteristics-Degradation: Hydrolytic, oxidative, reductive and photolytic, Drug – Excipient compatibility studies.

UNIT V

- a. **Automation and computer-aided analysis, LIMS:** The concept of auto samplers and high throughput analysis, computer-controlled instrumentation and networked laboratory. Peculiarities of laboratory information management systems (LIMS).
- b. **Drug Product Performance, In Vivo:** Purpose of Bioavailability Studies, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies.

REFERENCES:

1. Analysis of drugs in Biological fluids - Joseph Chamberlain, 2nd Edition.CRC Press, New York. 1995.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Douglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Higuchi, Brochmman and Hassen, 2nd Edition, Wiley – Interscience Publications, 1961.

4. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series
5. Practical HPLC method Development – Snyder, Kirkland, Glaich, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jercoy. USA.
6. Chromatographic Analysis of Pharmaceuticals – John A Adamovics, 2nd Edition, Marcel Dekker, New York, USA. 1997.
7. Chromatographic methods in clinical chemistry & Toxicology – Roger L Bertholf, Ruth E Winecker, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA. 2007.
8. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2nd Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol.69, Marcel Dekker Series, 1995.
9. Good laboratory Practice Regulations – Allen F. Hirsch, Volume 38, Marcel Dekker Series, 1989.
10. ICH, USFDA & CDSCO Guidelines
11. Palmer

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm Sem – II (PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS)
ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS – II (Professional Elective - IV)

Course Objectives: This subject deals with various hyphenated analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are LC-MS, GC-MS, and hyphenated techniques.

Course Outcome: By the completion of topics the students will come out with the thorough knowledge of various electrochemical methods, fluorimetry, AAS, RIA, ELISA etc. which help them in further projects works and also industrial opportunities

UNIT I

Polarography – Principle, Ilkovic equation, construction and working of dropping mercury electrode and rotating platinum electrode, applications.

Amperometry - Principles, instrumentation and applications including amperometric titrations.

UNIT II

- a. **Potentiometry** – Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard hydrogen, silver chloride electrode and calomel electrode) and indicator electrodes (metal electrodes and glass electrode), methods to determine end point of potentiometric titration and applications.
- b. **Conductometry**– Introduction, Conductivity cell, Conductometric titrations, applications

UNIT III

Spectrofluorimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence (Characteristics of drugs that can be analyzed by fluorimetry), Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

UNIT IV

Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

UNIT V

- a. **Radio chemical methods including RIA:** Radio Active Isotopes, tagging of compounds, Labeled Reagents, Isotope dilution Analysis, Scintillation counter, RIA.
- b. **ELISA:** Principle, types and application of ELISA

REFERENCES:

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma
3. A Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kerrenth A. Connors
4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
6. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar
7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D. Sethi
10. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein
11. HPTLC by P.D. Seth

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS-I LAB (Laboratory –III)

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Determination of chlorides and sulphates by Nephelo -Turbidimetry
2. Determination of compounds of sodium, potassium and calcium by Flame photometry.
3. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
4. Assay of official compounds by potentiometric titrations **(Any 2)**
5. Assay of official compounds by conductimetric titrations **(Any 2)**
6. Demonstration on ELISA
7. Quenching of fluorescence
8. Perform phosphate interference on absorption of calcium

(Note: Minimum of two experiments covering each of the above-mentioned topics)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE LAB

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. QC tests for tablets (minimum 2 experiments)
2. QC tests for capsules (minimum 2 experiments)
3. QC tests for oral liquids monophasic (minimum 2 experiments)
4. QC tests for oral liquids biphasic (minimum 2 experiments)
5. Forced degradation studies of some drugs.
6. Interpretation of spectras by IR, NMR and MASS
7. Assay of drug formulations using UV-Spectrophotometer (Any four)
8. Demonstration of functional groups of the given samples by IR Spectrophotometer.
9. Physicochemical tests for water
10. Solubility studies of weakly acidic and weakly basic drugs.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm II Year I Sem (Pharmaceutical Analysis)
PRODUCTION AREA DESIGN & PACKAGING DEVELOPMENT (Professional Elective - V)

Course Objectives: The student shall learn about Industrial area design, Current good manufacturing practices. They also learn about packaging components, polymers and metals used in packaging. They also understand about the storage conditions of different formulations and their stability evaluations.

Course Outcome: At the end of the semester student will get an idea about Industrial area design and packaging of different formulations and its stability conditions.

UNIT I

Production Area Design: Selection of plant location, Design of plant for bulk drugs and formulations (Solids, Semisolids, Injectables, Nutraceuticals etc.), General utilities such as purified water, portable water, water for injection, Air handling units-Relative humidity and Temperature control, Material and personnel movement. Warehouse handling-API, Excipients, packaging materials and solvents.

UNIT II

Current Good Manufacturing Practices: GMP design for buildings & facilities. GMP layout design. Clean room classifications. Segregation & cross contamination control. HVAC (heating, ventilation & air-conditioning) systems. Clean room environment control. Documentation and record keeping: Specifications and testing procedures, Specifications for finished products, Master Formulae, Packaging instructions. Batch processing records, Standard operating procedures.

UNIT III

Pharmaceutical packaging and Design: Introduction, Packaging system, Components of packaging, Symbols used on packages and labels. Package development and Design research. Packaging materials- Polymers and Plasters, Glass, Metal and Blister and strip packaging.

UNIT IV

Stability of Packaging: Introduction, Legislation, Regulation, Pharmaceutical Stability Testing in Climatic Cabinets, Pharmaceutical Stability Testing Conditions, Photo-Stability Testing, Review of Pharmaceutical Product Stability, Packaging and the ICH Guidelines.

UNIT V

Packaging of Solids, Semisolids, Parenterals, Ophthalmic and Aerosols: Introduction, Packaging of Solid and semisolids, Packaging of Sterile Pharmaceuticals, Packaging Components, Inspection of Filled Injectable Products, Storage and Labelling, Packaging of Ophthalmics, Selection of Packaging Materials, Packaging of Aerosols.

REFERENCES:

1. Lachman; Lieberman Herbert A.; Kanig, The theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy.
2. Gilbert Banker and Christopher Rhodes. Modern Pharmaceutics.
3. Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The design and Manufacture of Medicine
4. D. A. Dean, Roy Evans, Ian Hall. Pharmaceutical packaging technology. Tylor and Francis.
5. Edward J. Bauer, Pharmaceutical Packaging Handbook. Bausch and Lomb, Rochester
6. Pharmaceutical Facilities: Design, Layouts and Validation, Potdar, Pharmamed Press
7. Wilmer A. Jenkins, Kenton R. Osborn. Packaging drugs and pharmaceuticals.
8. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy. 8. Michael E. Aulton, Kevin Tylor
9. Pharmaceutical Packaging Technology, UK jain, Pharmamed Press

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm (Pharmaceutical Analysis)

VALUE EDUCATION (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

Course Objectives: Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self- development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

Course outcomes: Students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development
- Learn the importance of Human values
- Developing the overall personality

UNIT-I:

Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

UNIT-II:

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

UNIT-III:

Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline, Punctuality, Love and Kindness.

UNIT-IV:

Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

UNIT-V:

Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation, Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively

TEXT BOOKS/ REFERENCES:

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.PHARMACY (PHARMACEUTICS / PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY)
R22 COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS
Effective from Academic Year 2022-23 Admitted Batch

I YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Core-I	Modern Pharmaceutics-I	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-II	Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-I	1. Advanced Physical Pharmaceutics 2. Drug Regulatory affairs 3. Total Quality Management	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-II	1. Cosmetics and Cosmeceuticals 2. Pharmaceutical Validation 3. Stability of Drugs and Dosage Forms	3	1	0	4
	Research methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2
Laboratory- I	Modern Pharmaceutics – I Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory- II	Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics Lab	0	0	6	3
Audit - I	Audit Course- I	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

I YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Core-III	Modern Pharmaceutics - II	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-IV	Advanced Drug Delivery Systems	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-III	1. Industrial Pharmacy 2. Herbal Cosmetics 3. Pharmaceutical Management	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-IV	1. Nano based Drug Delivery Systems 2. Nutraceuticals 3. Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance	3	1	0	4
Laboratory- III	Modern Pharmaceutics – II Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory- IV	Advanced Drug Delivery System Lab	0	0	6	3
	Mini Project	2	0	0	2
Audit - II	Audit Course- II - Value Education	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

II YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Elective-V	1. Biostatistics 2. Scale up and Technology Transfer 3. Production area, Design and Packaging Development	3	1	0	4
Open Elective	Open Elective - Cosmetic Science	3	1	0	4
	Comprehensive Viva voce	0	0	8	4
	Dissertation Work Review – II	0	0	24	12
	TOTAL	6	2	32	24

II YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Dissertation	Dissertation Work Review - III	0	0	24	12
Dissertation	Dissertation Viva-Voce	0	0	20	10
	TOTAL	0	0	44	22

***For Dissertation Work Review - I, Please refer R22 Academic Regulations.**

Audit Courses I & II:

1. English for Research Paper Writing
2. Disaster Management
3. Sanskrit for Technological Learning
4. Value Education
5. Constitution of India
6. Pedagogy Studies
7. Stress Management by Yoga
8. Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS –I (Professional Core-I)

Course Objectives: Students will know the preformulation studies, methodology, different excipients used in solid dosage forms and their evaluation with references to production technologies. The students also know the optimization techniques and their applications in pharmaceutical industries.

Course Outcome: Students shall explain the preformulation parameters, apply ICH guidelines and evaluate drug, drug excipients compatibility. Students also explain about formulation and development, use of excipients in tablets, powders, capsules, micro-encapsules and coating techniques. They also learn and apply the statistical design in different formulations.

UNIT I

Preformulation studies: Goals of Preformulation, preformulation parameters, Polymorphs and Amorphous forms, selection of drugs- solubility, partition coefficient, salt forms, humidity, solid state properties, Particle Size Analysis (Laser Diffraction and Dynamic Light Scattering) drug-excipient compatibility, flow properties, format and content of reports of preformulation, preformulation stability studies as per ICH.

UNIT II

Formulation development of solid dosage forms – I: New materials, excipient science - diluents, disintegrants, superdisintegrants, etc, evaluation of functional properties of excipient, co-processed materials, methods of preparation and evaluation.

UNIT III

Formulation development of solid dosage forms– II: Coating, coating machines, coating techniques in tablet technology for product development, computerization, inprocess control of tablets, formulation development and manufacture of powder dosage forms for internal use.

Microencapsulation- types, methodology, problems encountered.

UNIT IV

Formulation development of soft and hard gelatin capsules: Introduction, production and methods of manufacture, filling equipment and filling operations, formulations, finishing, special techniques, advances in capsule manufacture, machines, processing and control including pharmaceutical aspects, physical stability and packaging.

UNIT V

Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing: Introduction, optimization parameters, statistical design, response surface method, contour diagrams, factorial design, partial factorial design, simplex methods, mixture designs, Placket Burhan method, Box Benken method, applications in pharmaceutical formulation.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Pharmaceutics - The Science of Dosage form design by ME Aulton.
2. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms - Tablets (Vol I, II and III) by Lieberman, Lachman and Schwartz.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms - Capsules (Vol I, II and III) by Avis, Lieberman and Lachman.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms – Disperse systems (Vol I, II and III) by Avis, Lieberman and Lachman.
5. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes.

6. Pharmaceutical statistics by Bolton

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. The Theory and Practice of industrial Pharmacy by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman.
2. Remington's Science and Practice of Pharmacy by A. Gennaro.
3. Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage form and Drug delivery system by Loyd V. Allen, Jr. Nicholas G. Popovich, Howard C. Ansel.
4. Generic Drug Product Development by Leon Shargel and Isadore Kanfer.
5. Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students by SJ Carter.
6. Industrial Pharmacy - Selected Topics, CVS Subramanyam and J Thimmasetty, Vallabh Prakashan Delhi – 2013

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

APPLIED BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS (Professional Core – II)

Course Objectives: The student shall know about bioavailability, bioequivalence and factor affecting bioavailability. They also know the pharmacokinetic parameter like drug disposition, absorption, non-linear and time dependant pharmacokinetics. They also know about the drug interactions & problems associated in pharmacokinetic parameters calculations.

Course Outcomes: students will be able to tell factors affecting the bioavailability and stability of dosage form; they also know the bioequivalence studies and protocols for bioequivalent studies. They also know the parameters for the disposition, absorption and Michaelis-Menton constants for non-linear kinetics.

UNIT I

- a. Biological and metabolic factors affecting bioavailability, complexation, dissolution - techniques of enhancing dissolution.
- b. Formulation factors affecting bioavailability of drugs in dosage forms of tablets, capsules, parenterals, liquid orals and topical dosage forms.
- c. **Bioavailability:** Importance, dose dependency, AUC, rate and extent, assessment, blood and urine samples, single dose and multiple dose studies, *Invitro- In vivo* Correlation analysis and Levels of Correlations.
- d. **Bioequivalence:** Importance equivalency concepts, biowaivers, study designs, protocol, transformation of data, Statistical Criteria as per the Regulations.

UNIT II

Pharmacokinetics – Drug Disposition: compartment models: One, two and non-compartmental approaches to pharmacokinetics. Recent trends, merits and limitations of these approaches. Application of these models to determine the various pharmacokinetic parameters pertaining to:

- a. Distribution: Apparent volume of distribution and its determination, factors affecting.
- b. Metabolism: Metabolic rate constant, Factors affecting Metabolism
- c. Elimination: Over all apparent elimination rate constant, and half life.
All the above under the following conditions:
 1. Intravenous infusion
 2. Multiple dose injections
- d. Non-invasive methods of estimating pharmacokinetics parameters with emphasis on salivary and urinary samples.
- e. Concept of clearance: organ, total clearance, hepatic clearance, lung clearance and renal clearance.

UNIT III

Pharmacokinetics – Absorption: Rate constants – Zero order, first order, Models of experimental study of absorption (in silico, in vitro, in situ and in vivo) – Absorption half lives, method of residuals, Wagner – Nelson method, Loo - Reigleman method, Analysis of kinetics from urine samples. Pharmacokinetic parameters determination pertaining to: Multiple dosage oral administration.

UNIT IV

Non-linear pharmacokinetics: Concepts of linear and non-linear pharmacokinetics, Michaelis-Menton kinetics characteristics. Basic kinetic parameters, possible causes of non-induction, non-linear binding, and non-linearity of pharmacological responses.

Clinical Pharmacokinetics: Altered kinetics in pregnancy, child birth, infants and geriatrics. kinetics in GI disease, malabsorption syndrome, liver, cardiac, renal and pulmonary disease states.

UNIT V

Time dependent pharmacokinetics: Introduction, classification, physiologically induced time dependency: Chronopharmacokinetics - principles, drugs– (amino glycosides, NSAIDS, antihypertensive drug) chemically induced dependency.

Drug Interactions: Kinetics of drug interaction, study of drug-drug interaction mediated through absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination, mechanisms of interaction and consequence.

❖ Numerical problems associated with all units, if any.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gibaldi.
2. Learn Shargel and ABC yu, Applied Biopharmacokinetics and Pharmacokinetics
3. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Vallabh Prakashan.2010.
4. Basic biopharmaceutics, Sunil S. Jambhekar and Philip J Brean.
5. Text book of Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by NiaziSarfaraz, Pharmamed Press

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Bio-Pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by V. Venkateshwarlu.
2. Pharmacokinetics, Biopharmaceutics and Clinical pharmacy by Robert E. Notari.
3. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics - An Introduction by Robert E. Notari.
4. Drug drug interactions, scientific and regulatory perspectives by Albert P. G

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

ADVANCED PHYSICAL PHARMACEUTICS (Professional Elective – I)

Course Objectives: the students shall know about particle science, polymer science and its use in pharmaceutical dosage forms. They also know the compression and consolidation parameters for powders and granules. Students also know about the rheology, disperse systems, dissolution and solubility parameters for dosage forms.

Course Outcomes: The students will know particle size analysis method, solid dispersion, physics of tablets, polymer classification and its applications, student will also know the stability calculations, shelf life calculations and accelerated stability studies. They also know the rheology, absorption related to liquids and semi-solid dosage forms. They also know the factors affecting the dissolution and solubility in related to invitro/invivo correlations.

UNIT I

Polymer science: Classification, properties and characterization of polymers, phase separation, polymers in solid state, preparation of polymer solution, application of polymers in pharmaceutical formulations. Mechanism of biodegradation of biodegradable polymers including controlled drug delivery systems, Mucoadhesive, Hydrodynamically balanced and Transdermal Systems.

UNIT II

Physics of tablet compression: Basic principles of interactions, compression and consolidation, compression and consolidation under high loads, effect of friction, distribution of forces in compaction, force volume relationships, Heckel plots, compaction profiles, energy involved in compaction, Measurement of compression with strain gauges, compression pressure-QA parameters.

UNIT III

Kinetics and drug stability: Stability calculations, rate equations, complex order kinetics, Factors influencing stability, strategy of stability testing, method of stabilization, method of accelerated stability testing in dosage forms, temperature and humidity control, physical stability testing of pharmaceutical products. Photodecomposition, Method, solid state decomposition.

UNIT IV

Viscoelasticity: Theoretical consideration, instrumentation, rheological properties of disperse systems and semisolids. Oscillatory testing, Creep measurement.

Characterization of API and excipients: Differential Scanning Calorimetry: Principle, thermal transitions, advantages, disadvantages, instrumentation, applications and interpretations

X Ray Diffraction methods: Origin of x-rays, principle, advantages, disadvantages, instrumentation, applications and interpretations.

UNIT V

Dissolution and solubility: Solubility and solubilization of nonelectrolytes, solubilization by the use of surfactants, cosolvents, complexation, drug derivatisation and solid-state manipulation, Mechanisms of Drug release - dissolution, diffusion (Matrix and Reservoir) and swelling controlled (Peppas Model) and dissolution equipment.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Physical Pharmacy, 4th Edition by Alfred Martin.
2. Theory and Practice of Tablets – Lachman, Vol. 4.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms – Disperse systems Vol. I & II.

4. Cartenson "Drug Stability, Marcel Decker Solid state properties, Marcel Dekker.
5. Industrial Pharmacy - Selected Topics, CVS Subramanyam and J Thimmasetty, Vallabh Prakashan Delhi – 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dispersive systems I, II, and III.
2. Robinson. Controlled Drug Delivery Systems.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

STABILITY OF DRUGS AND DOSAGE FORMS (Professional Elective - II)

Course Objectives: These topics are designed impart a specialized knowledge to preserve the properties of drugs and dosage forms during manufacture storage and shelf life. The understanding of properties and evaluation of stability during storage, by solution and solid state against several factors of degradation.

Course Outcomes: The students should describe the evaluation of stability of solutions, solids and formulations against adverse conditions. The students should be able to suggest the measures to retain stability and storage conditions for retaining the efficacy of the products.

UNIT - I

Drug decomposition mechanisms:

1. Hydrolysis and acyltransfers: Nature of reaction, structure and utility, stabilization of Pharmaceutical examples.
2. Oxidation: Nature of oxidation, kinetics of oxidation, oxidation pathways of pharmaceutical, Interest Inhibition of oxidation
3. Photolysis: Energetics of photolysis, kinetics photolysis, photolytic reactions of pharmaceutical interest, prevention of photolytic reactions.

UNIT - II

Solid state chemical decomposition: Kinetic of solids state decomposition, Pharmaceutical examples of solid-state decomposition, Pure drugs, drug excipient and drug-drug interaction in solid state, methods of stabilization.

Physical stability testing of dosage forms:

1. Solids – tablets, capsules, powder and granules
2. Disperse systems
3. Microbial decomposition
4. Over-view, physical stability of novel drug carriers, liposomes, niosomes, nano-particles.

UNIT - III

Identification and quantitative determination of preservatives, Antioxidants, colouring materials, emulsifiers and stabilizers in Pharmaceutical formulation.

Analysis of drugs from biological samples including, selection of biological sample, extraction of drugs by various methods as LLE, SPE and Membrane filtration. Factors affecting extraction of drugs.

UNIT - IV

General method of analysis to determine the quality of raw materials used in cosmetic industry. Indian Standard Specifications (ISI) laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished form by the Bureau of Indian Standards.

UNIT - V

Methods of analysis to determine the quality of cosmetics in the finished forms such as Hair care products, Skin care products, Baby care products, Dental products, Personal hygiene products, Colour cosmetics, Ethnic products, Colour makeup preparation, Lipsticks, Hair setting lotions and Eye shadows. Toxicity testing in cosmetics and Safety and Legislation of Cosmetic products.

Stability studies: Concept of stability studies.

- a) cGMP& ICH guidelines for Accelerated stability Testing.
- b) Interaction of containers & closure Compatibility Testing.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review 5th Edition by Leon Shargel, Alan H. Mutnick, Paul F. Souney, Larry N. Sawnsen – 2004.
2. A. H. Beckett and J. B. Stenlake Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Part I and Part II, 4th Edition. 3. G. H. Jeffery, J. Basset, J. Mendham, R. C. Denny (Rev. by) Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th Edition 1989, ELBS.
3. The Controller of Publications; New Delhi, Govt. of India, Indian Pharmacopoeia, Vol. I and Vol. II - 2010.
4. J. B. Wilkinson and R. J. Moore, Herry's Cosmeticology; Longman Scientific and Technical Publishers, Singapore.
5. P.D. Sethi; Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations, 3rd Edition - 1997,
6. Classification of cosmetics raw materials and adjuncts IS 3958 of Indian Standards Institution (BIS).
7. Cosmetic and toilet goods – methods of sampling IS 3958 of Indian Standards Institution (BIS).
8. Methods of sampling and test for various cosmetics as laid down by Bureau of Indian Standards.
9. Drug stability: Principles and practices by Jens T. Carstensen
10. Stability Testing of Drug Products by W. Grimm.
11. Stability of Drugs and Dosage Forms by Yoshioka and Stella.,BSP Books

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

Course Objectives:

- To understand the research problem
- To know the literature studies, plagiarism and ethics
- To get the knowledge about technical writing
- To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments
- To know the patent rights

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information
- Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

UNIT - I:

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

UNIT - II:

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics

UNIT - III:

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

UNIT - IV:

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT-V:

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"
2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
3. Pharmaceutical Research Methodology and BioStatistics, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press
4. Intellectual Property Rights in Pharmaceutical Industry, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.
7. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS – I LAB (Laboratory - I)

List of Experiments:

1. To carry out the preformulation studies of solid dosage forms.
2. To study the effect of compressional force on tablet disintegration time
3. To study the micromeritic properties of powders and granules
4. To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of capsules.
5. To study the effect of binders on dissolution of tablets
6. To study enteric coated tablets dissolution in relevant pH.
7. Accelerated stability testing of different tablets
8. Determination of first order, second order rate constants by acid and alkaline hydrolysis
9. Preparation and evaluation of beta cyclodextrin complexes of new drugs
10. Preparation of paracetamol tablets and comparison with marketed products
11. Design of experiments (DOE) in the optimization of an immediate release tablets.
12. Calculation of shelf life using accelerated stability data,

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

APPLIED BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS LAB (Laboratory- II)

List of Experiments:

1. Analysis of dissolution by various data-kinetic modelling.
2. Calibration curve of different API's by UV/HPLC/HPTLC
3. Dissolution of immediate release, sustained release and delayed release.
4. Evaluation of drug-protein binding analysis
5. Assignment of numerical problems, one compartment and two compartment disposition, method of residuals, AUC and evaluation of pharmacokinetic parameters.
6. Calculation of K_a (absorption rate constant) absorption curve- Wagner nelson method , Loo-Riegel method.
7. Calculation of pharmacokinetics parameters of one compartment oral data and two compartment IV data.
8. Construction of IVIVC from the data
9. Calculation of Urinary Pharmacokinetics
10. Calculation of Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies
11. Permeation studies of Franz diffusion cell
12. Drug Release from semisolids by Agargel method or Franz diffusion cell.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS - II (Professional Core - III)

Course Objective: The students shall understand about the pilot plant and their scale up techniques for manufacturing of tablets capsules, suspensions, emulsions and semisolids. The students also learn the filling of capsules, compression machines, sterilizers for formulation of parenterals and also understand the properties of propellants, DPI, MDI and their quality control. The students also understand about the cosmetics and nutraceuticals.

Course Outcomes: students will understand the planning of pilot plant techniques used for all pharmaceutical dosage forms such as tablets, capsules, parenterals, aerosols, cosmetics and nutraceuticals.

UNIT I

Pilot plant scale-up techniques used in pharmaceutical manufacturing

- a. Pilot plant:** Technology transfer from R&D to pilot plant to pilot scale considerations of steps involved with manufacture, layout design, facility, equipment selection of tablets, capsules, suspensions, emulsions & semisolids.
- b. Scale up:** Importance, Scale up process-size reduction, mixing, blending, granulation, compression, coating involved in tablets, capsules & liquid-liquid mixing.

UNIT II

Formulation development of parenteral dosage forms: Advances in materials and production techniques, filling machines, sterilization methods (Moist heat, dry heat, filtration, radiation, gaseous sterilization), product layout.

UNIT III

Pharmaceutical Aerosols: Advances in propellants, metered dose inhaler designs, dry powder inhalers, selection of containers and formulation aspects in aerosols formulation, manufacture and quality control.

UNIT IV

a. Cosmetics: Formulation approaches, preparation & method of manufacturing labelling & Q.C. of anti-ageing products, sun screen lotion and fairness creams.

b. Nutraceuticals:

- 1. Introduction, source, manufacture and analysis of glucosamine & cartinine.
- 2. Monographs: General and specific properties of glucosamine & cartinine.
- 3. A brief overview of role of nutraceuticals in cancer prevention & cardio vascular disorders.

UNIT V

Aseptic processing operation

- a.** Introduction, contamination control, microbial environmental monitoring, microbiological testing of water, microbiological air testing, characterization of aseptic process, media and incubation condition, theoretical evaluation of aseptic operations.
- b.** Air handling systems: Study of AHUs, humidity & temperature control.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Pharmaceutics - The Science of Dosage form design by ME Aulton.
- 2. The Theory and Practice of industrial Pharmacy by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman.
- 3. Remington's Science and Practice of Pharmacy by A. Gennaro.

4. Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage form and Drug delivery system by Loyd V. Allen, Jr.
5. Nicholas G. Popovich, Howard C. Ansel.
6. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms - Parenterals (Vol I, II and III) by Avis, Lieberman and Lachman.
7. Scale up techniques – Pharmaceutical process by Michael Levin, Marcel Dekker

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics by EA Rawlins.
2. Generic Drug Product Development by Leon Shargel.
3. Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students by SJ Carter.
4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes.
5. Nutraceuticals, 2nd edition by Brian lock wood.
6. Industrial Pharmacy - Selected Topics, CVS Subramanyam and J Thimmasetty, Vallabha Prakashan Delhi - 2013

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

ADVANCED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (Professional Core - IV)

Course Objectives: The students shall apply the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic principles in the design of CDDS. They also apply the design, evaluation and applications related to oral, parenteral, transdermal, implants, bioadhesives and targeted drug delivery systems.

Course Outcomes: Students will select the drugs for CDDS design of the formulation fabrication of systems of above drug delivery systems with relevant applications.

UNIT I

Fundamentals of controlled drug delivery systems, pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic basis of controlled drug delivery. Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following controlled releasing systems

- a. Controlled release oral drug delivery systems
- b. Parenteral controlled release drug delivery systems

UNIT II

Design, fabrication, evaluation and applications of the following

- a. Implantable Therapeutic systems
- b. Transdermal delivery systems
- c. Ocular and Intrauterine delivery systems
- d. Vaccine delivery: Delivery systems used to promote uptake, absorption enhancers, oral immunization, controlled release microparticles for vaccine development

UNIT III

Biochemical and molecular biology approaches for drug delivery using following technologies

- a. Bioadhesive drug delivery systems
- b. Nasal drug delivery systems
- c. Drug delivery to Colon

UNIT IV

Biochemical and molecular biology approaches to control drug delivery of

- a. Liposomes
- b. Niosomes
- c. Microspheres
- d. Nanoparticles
- e. Resealed erythrocytes

UNIT - V

Drug targeting to particular organs

- a. Delivery to lungs
- b. Delivery to the brain and problems involved
- c. Drug targeting in neoplasms

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Novel Drug Delivery System by Yie W. Chien.
2. Controlled Drug Delivery by Joseph R. Robinson and Vincent H. L. Lee.
3. Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery Systems by N. K. Jain.
4. Targeted and Controlled Drug Delivery (Novel carrier systems) by S. P. Vyas and Khar.

5. Advances in Drug Delivery, 4 Vol. set, Rao Madhusudan Y, Pharmamed Press
6. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes.
7. Oral Drug Delivery Technology, 2nded, by Aukunuru Jithan

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY (Professional Elective - III)

Course Objectives: The students shall learn the theory of unit operations, machinery, materials of constructions, qualification of equipments and its utility. The students shall also understand about the objectives and principles of GMP, TQM and effluent analysis and specifications. They also understand the regulatory basis for the validation of analytical methods related to solids, sterile and liquid dosage forms

Course Outcome: The students will explain the machinery involved in milling, mixing, filtration, drying and packing material constructions used in the production of pharmaceutical materials. They also learn salient features of GMP, TQM applicable in industry. They also understand the effluent treatments and prevent the pollution. They also should evaluate the validation of analytical methods and processes

UNIT I

Pharmaceutical unit operations: A detailed study involving machinery and theory of Pharmaceutical unit operations like milling, mixing, filtration, granulation, drying and blending.

UNIT II

- a. Materials of construction of pharmaceutical equipment and packaging materials: Study of the principles, production techniques in the large scale production of tablets, capsules, suspensions, liquid pharmaceuticals, ophthalmic products and sterile products.
- b. Qualification of equipment (IQ, OQ, PQ)

UNIT III

Production management: Production organization, objectives and policies of good manufacturing practices, layout of buildings, services, equipments and their maintenance, material management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, Sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Total Quality Management (TQM)

UNIT IV

Effluent Testing and Treatment: Effluent analysis, specifications and preventive measures water of pollution, solid pollution, air pollution and sound pollution.

UNIT V

Validation: Regulatory basis, validation process for solid dosage forms, sterile products, and liquid dosage forms.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. The Theory and Practice of industrial Pharmacy by Leon Lachman, Herbert A. Lieberman.
2. Good Manufacturing Practice for Pharmaceuticals by Sidney H. Willig.
3. Pharmaceutical Process validation by Robert A. Nash, Alfred H. Wachter.
4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker and Christopher T. Rhodes.
5. Pharmaceutical production management, C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Vallabh Prakash.
6. Industrial Pharmacy: A Comprehensive Approach, D K Tripathi, Pharmamed Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Unit operations of Chemical Engineering by Warren L. McCabe, Julian C. Smith, Peter Harriott.
2. Remington's Science and Practice of Pharmacy by A. Gennaro.
3. Bentley's Text book of Pharmaceutics by EA Rawlins.
4. CGMP, H.P.P. Sharma

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

NANO BASED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (Professional Elective - IV)

Course Objective - To develop expertise regarding suitability and evaluation of nanomaterials, able to apply the properties to the fabrication of nanopharmaceutical, evaluate the intensity of dosage forms and availability for targeting and controlled delivery.

Course Outcomes – The students should be able to select the right kind of materials, able to develop nano formulations with appropriate technologies, evaluate the product related test and for identified diseases

UNIT - I – Introduction to Nanotechnology

- a. Definition of nanotechnology
- b. History of nanotechnology
- c. Unique properties and classification of nanomaterials
- d. Role of size and size distribution of nanoparticles properties.
- e. Marketed formulations based on nanotechnology and science behind them

UNIT - II – Synthesis of Nanomaterials

Physical, chemical and biological Methods

Methods for synthesis of

- Gold nanoparticles
- Magnetic nanoparticles
- Polymeric nanoparticles
- Self – assembly structures such as liposomes, Niosomes, transferosomes, micelles, aquasomes and nanoemulsions

UNIT - III - Biomedical applications of Nanotechnology

- a. Nanotechnology products used for in vitro diagnostics
- b. Improvements to medical or molecular imaging using nanotechnology
- c. Targeted nanomaterials for diagnostic and therapeutic purpose

UNIT - IV

Design of nanomaterials for drug delivery, pulmonary and nasal drug delivery, nanomaterials for cancer therapy and cardiovascular diseases. Localized drug delivery systems.

UNIT - V

Characterization including the principles, size reduction, analysis of nanoparticles, size, PDI, size separation, stability, methods of analysis regarding integrity and release of drugs

TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Nanomedicine and Nanoproducts: Applications, Disposition and Toxicology in the Human body, Eiki Igarashi, CRC press. 2015
2. Nanotechnology and Drug Delivery Volume one and two: Nanoplatfroms in Drug Delivery, Jose L. Arias, CRC press
3. Nano: The Essentials: Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, T. Pradeep, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.
4. Nanocrystals: Synthesis, Properties and Applications, C. N. R. Rao, P. J. Thomas and G.U. Kulkarni, Springer (2007)

5. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Application, Guozhong Gao, Imperial College Press (2004)
6. Nano-Carrier Systems Theories, Methods & Applications, Amit K. Goyal, Goutam Rath, Pharmamed Press.
7. Nano chemistry: A Classical Approach to Nanomaterials – Royal Society for Chemistry, Cambridge, UK (2005)
8. Nanocomposite science and technology, pulickel M. Ajayan, Linda S. Schadler, paul V. Braun, Wiley - VCH Verlag, Weiheim (2003)
9. Nanoscale materials in chemistry, Edited by Kenneth J. Klabunde, John Wiley & Sons, 2009
10. Nanoparticles as Drug carriers, Vladimir P Torchiling, Imperial College Press, USA, 2006
11. Introduction to Nano Science and Technologies, Ankaneyulu Yerramilli, BS Publications. 2016

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS – II LAB (Laboratory- III)

List of Experiments:

1. Scale up calculations from R&D to pilot plant for the following unit operations
 - a) Wet granulations using RMG/PLM
 - b) Blending & Lubrications
 - c) Film coating
2. Preparation of Injectables, Ampoules & Vials
3. Preparation of Ophthalmic products, Eye drops and Eye ointments
4. Preparation of Dry powder Inhalations
5. Formulation Development and Demonstration of function of DPI of marketed products
6. Formulation of Aerosol Demonstration of marketed products

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

ADVANCED DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS LAB (Laboratory- IV)

List of Experiments:

1. Study on diffusion of drugs through various polymeric membranes (2 experiments)
2. Formulation and Evaluation of sustained release Oral Matrix Tablet (2 experiments)
3. Formulation and Evaluation of sustained release Oral Reservoir System (2 experiments)
4. Formulation and Evaluation of Microspheres / Microencapsules (2 experiments)
5. Study of in-vitro Dissolution of various SR products in market (2 experiments)
6. Formulation and Evaluation of Transdermal Films (2 experiments)
7. Formulation and Evaluation of Mucoadhesive System (2 experiments)
8. Preparation and Evaluation of Enteric Coated Pellets / Tablets (2 experiments)
9. Preparation and Evaluation of Liposomes, Niosomes and Nanoparticles

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm II Year I Sem (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)
PRODUCTION AREA DESIGN & PACKAGING DEVELOPMENT
(Professional Elective - V)

Course Objectives: The student shall learn about Industrial area design, Current good manufacturing practices. They also learn about packaging components, polymers and metals used in packaging. They also understand about the storage conditions of different formulations and their stability evaluations.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the semester student will get an idea about Industrial area design and packaging of different formulations and its stability conditions.

UNIT I

Production Area Design: Selection of plant location, Design of plant for bulk drugs and formulations (Solids, Semisolids, Injectables, Nutraceuticals etc.), General utilities such as purified water, portable water, water for injection, Air handling units-Relative humidity and Temperature control, Material and personnel movement. Warehouse handling-API, Excipients, packaging materials and solvents.

UNIT II

Current Good Manufacturing Practices: GMP design for buildings & facilities. GMP layout design. Clean room classifications. Segregation & cross contamination control. HVAC (heating, ventilation & air-conditioning) systems. Clean room environment control. Documentation and record keeping: Specifications and testing procedures, Specifications for finished products, Master Formulae, Packaging instructions. Batch processing records, Standard operating procedures.

UNIT III

Pharmaceutical packaging and Design: Introduction, Packaging system, Components of packaging, Symbols used on packages and labels. Package development and Design research. Packaging materials- Polymers and Plasters, Glass, Metal and Blister and strip packaging.

UNIT IV

Stability of Packaging: Introduction, Legislation, Regulation, Pharmaceutical Stability Testing in Climatic Cabinets, Pharmaceutical Stability Testing Conditions, Photo-Stability Testing, Review of Pharmaceutical Product Stability, Packaging and the ICH Guidelines.

UNIT V

Packaging of Solids, Semisolids, Parenterals, Ophthalmic and Aerosols: Introduction, Packaging of Solid and semisolids, Packaging of Sterile Pharmaceuticals, Packaging Components, Inspection of Filled Injectable Products, Storage and Labelling, Packaging of Ophthalmics, Selection of Packaging Materials, Packaging of Aerosols.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Leon Lachman; Lieberman Herbert A.; Kanig, Joseph L. The theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy.
2. Gilbert Banker and Christopher Rhodes. Modern Pharmaceutics.
3. Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The design and Manufacture of Medicine
4. D. A. Dean, Roy Evans, Ian Hall. Pharmaceutical packaging technology. Tylor and Francis.
5. Edward J. Bauer, Pharmaceutical Packaging Handbook. Bausch and Lomb, Rochester, New
6. Pharmaceutical Facilities: Design, Layouts and Validation, Potdar, Pharmamed Press
7. Wilmer A. Jenkins, Kenton R. Osborn. Packaging drugs and pharmaceuticals.
8. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy. 8. Michael E. Aulton, Kevin Tylor
9. Pharmaceutical Packaging Technology, UK jain, Pharmamed Press

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm (Pharmaceutics/Pharmaceutical Technology)

VALUE EDUCATION (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

Course Objectives: Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self- development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

Course outcomes: Students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development
- Learn the importance of Human values
- Developing the overall personality

UNIT-I:

Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

UNIT-II:

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

UNIT-III:

Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline, Punctuality, Love and Kindness.

UNIT-IV:

Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

UNIT-V:

Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation, Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively

TEXT BOOKS/ REFERENCES:

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

JAWAHARLALNEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M. PHARMACY (PHARMACOLOGY)
R22 COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS
Effective from Academic Year 2022 – 23 Admitted Batch

I YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Core-I	Advanced Pharmacology-I	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-II	Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-I	1. Pharmacokinetics and Drug Metabolism 2. Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance 3. Principles of Drug Discovery	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-II	1. Animal Cell Cultures and Applications 2. Molecular Biology 3. Principles of Toxicology	3	1	0	4
	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2
Laboratory-I	Advanced Pharmacology –I Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory-II	Clinical Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics Lab	0	0	6	3
Audit-I	Audit Course-I	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

I YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Core-III	Advanced Pharmacology - II	3	1	0	4
Professional Core-IV	Pharmacological Screening Methods and Toxicology	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-III	1. Quality Use of Medicines 2. Pharmacoepidemiology and Pharmacoeconomics 3. Advanced Drug Delivery Systems	3	1	0	4
Professional Elective-IV	1. Pharmaceutical Management 2. Nutraceuticals 3. Pharmacokinetic and Therapeutic Drug Monitoring	3	1	0	4
Laboratory-III	Advanced Pharmacology–II Lab	0	0	6	3
Laboratory-IV	Pharmacological Screening Methods and Toxicology lab	0	0	6	3
	Mini project	2	0	0	2
Audit-II	Audit Course– II - Value Education	2	0	0	0
	Seminar & Assignment	0	0	4	2
	TOTAL	16	4	16	26

II YEAR I Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Elective-V	1. Biostatistics 2. Hospital and Community Pharmacy 3. Medicinal Plant Biotechnology	3	1	0	4
Open Elective	Open Elective - Drug Regulatory Affairs	3	1	0	4
	Comprehensive Viva Voce	0	0	8	4
	Dissertation Work Review-II	0	0	24	12
	TOTAL	6	2	32	24

II YEAR II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Dissertation	Dissertation Work Review - III	0	0	24	12
Dissertation	Dissertation Viva-Voce	0	0	20	10
	TOTAL	0	0	44	22

***For Dissertation Work Review - I, Please refer R22 Academic Regulations.**

Audit Courses I & II:

1. English for Research Paper Writing
2. Disaster Management
3. Sanskrit for Technological Learning
4. Value Education
5. Constitution of India
6. Pedagogy Studies
7. Stress Management by Yoga
8. Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY- I (Professional Core-I)

Course Objective: The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, this subject helps the students to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanisms involved.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Discuss the pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

UNIT I

General Pharmacology:

- a. Pharmacokinetics: The dynamics of drug absorption, distribution, biotransformation and elimination. Concepts of linear and non-linear compartment models. Significance of Protein binding.
- b. Pharmacodynamics: Mechanism of drug action and the relationship between drug concentration and effect. Receptors, structural and functional families of receptors quantitation of drug receptors interaction and elicited effects.

UNIT II

Neurotransmission

- a. General aspects and steps involved in neurotransmission.
- b. Neurohumoral transmission in autonomic nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- Adrenaline and Acetylcholine).
- c. Neurohumoral transmission in central nervous system (Detailed study about neurotransmitters- histamine, serotonin, dopamine, GABA, glutamate and glycine).
- d. Non-adrenergic non-cholinergic transmission (NANC). Cotransmission

Systemic Pharmacology A detailed study on pathophysiology of diseases, mechanism of action, pharmacology and toxicology of existing as well as novel drugs used in the following systems
Autonomic Pharmacology Parasympathomimetics and lytics, sympathomimetics and lytics, agents affecting neuromuscular junction

UNIT III

Central nervous system Pharmacology

General and local anesthetics Sedatives and hypnotics, drugs used to treat anxiety. Depression, psychosis, mania, epilepsy, neurodegenerative diseases. Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics.

UNIT IV

Cardiovascular Pharmacology

Diuretics, antihypertensives, antiischemics, anti-arrhythmics, drugs for heart failure and hyperlipidemia. Hematinics, coagulants, anticoagulants, fibrinolytics and antiplatelet drugs.

UNIT V

Autacoid Pharmacology

The physiological and pathological role of Histamine, Serotonin, Kinins Prostaglandins Opioid autacoids. Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5HT antagonists.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Goodman and Gillman's
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapyby David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, EhrinJ, Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B. G Katzung
4. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B. C. Yu.
6. Graham Smith. Oxford textbook of Clinical Pharmacology.
7. Dipiro Pharmacology, Pathophysiological approach.
8. Advnced Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS (Professional Core - II)

Course Objective

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines. Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.

Course Outcome: At completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to understand –

- the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy;
- the controversies in drug therapy;
- the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
- needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects);
- summarize the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence;
- Therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).
- Pathophysiology and applied Pharmacotherapeutics of diseases associated with following system/diseases with of special reference to the drug of choice.

UNIT I**Principles of Pharmacokinetics**

1. Revision of basic concepts.
2. Clinical Pharmacokinetics.
 - a. Dose – response in man
 - b. Influence of renal and hepatic disease on Pharmacokinetics
 - c. Therapeutics drug monitoring & individualization of drug therapy
 - d. Population Pharmacokinetics.

UNIT II

Adverse Drug Reactions, Drug Interactions, ADR monitoring & Pharmacovigilance.

UNIT III

Pathophysiology and drug therapy of the following disorders.

Schizophrenia, anxiety, depression, epilepsy, Parkinson's, alzheimer's diseases, migraine, hypertension, angina pectoris, arrhythmias, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction.

UNIT IV

Pathophysiology and drug therapy of the following disorders.

TB, leprosy, leukemia, solid tumors, lymphomas, psoriasis, respiratory, urinary, g.i. tract infections, endocarditis, fungal and HIV infection, rheumatoid arthritis, glaucoma, menstrual disorders, menopause.

UNIT V

Drug therapy in

- a) Geriatrics

- b) Pediatrics
- c) Pregnancy & Lactation.
- d) Renal & hepatic insufficiency

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.
2. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange.
3. Pathologic basis of disease - Robins SL, W.B. Saunders publication.
4. Clinical Pharmacy and Pharmacotherapeutics, K. Ravi Shankar, G. V. N. Kiranmayi, Pharmamed Press
5. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice - Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication.
6. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
7. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
8. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
9. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.
10. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange
11. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
12. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

CLINICAL RESEARCH AND PHARMACOVIGILANCE (Professional Elective - I)

Course Objective: This subject will provide a value addition and current requirement for the students in clinical research and pharmacovigilance. It will teach the students on conceptualizing, designing, conducting, managing and reporting of clinical trials. This subject also focuses on global scenario of pharmacovigilance in different methods that can be used to generate safety data. It will teach the students in developing drug safety data in pre-clinical, clinical phases of drug development and post market surveillance.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trial
- Demonstrate the types of clinical trial designs
- Explain the responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials
- Execute safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities
- Explain the principles of Pharmacovigilance
- Detect new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
- Perform the adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance

UNIT I

Regulatory Perspectives of Clinical Trials: Origin and Principles of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines Ethical Committee: Institutional Review Board, Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant-Schedule Y, ICMR, Informed Consent Process: Structure and content of an Informed Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process

UNIT II

Clinical Trials:

Types and Design: Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT, Observation Study: Cohort, Case Control, Cross sectional Clinical Trial Study Team Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management.

UNIT III

Clinical Trial Documentation: Guidelines to the preparation of documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring-Safety Monitoring in CT Adverse Drug Reactions: Definition and types. Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness assessment. predictability and preventability assessment. Management of adverse drug reactions; Terminologies of ADR.

UNIT IV

Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of pharmacovigilance: History and progress of pharmacovigilance, Significance of safety monitoring, Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, establishing pharmacovigilance centres in Hospitals, Industry and National programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities in Pharmacovigilance.

UNIT V

Methods, ADR reporting and tools used in pharmacovigilance: International classification of

diseases, International Nonproprietary names for drugs, Passive and Active surveillance, Comparative observational studies, targeted clinical investigations and Vaccine safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting. Argus, Aris G Pharmacovigilance, Vigi Flow, Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization- Good Clinical Practices, Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health; 2001.
2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice. E6; May 1996.230
3. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
4. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
5. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
6. A Textbook of Clinical Research and Pharmacovigilance by KPR Chowdary, Pharmamed Press
7. Handbook of clinical Research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone.
8. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
9. Textbook of Pharmacovigilance: Concept and Practice. G. P. Mohanta and P. K. Manna. 2016, Pharma Med Press.
10. A textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice: Essential Concepts and Skills. Second Edition, 2012, University Press

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

PRINCIPLES OF TOXICOLOGY (Professional Elective - II)

Course Objective: The subject imparts basic knowledge of toxicology. This information will make the student Competent in various toxicologies of liver, neuro, kidney etc

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various toxicologies
- Explain various toxicologies of lungs, liver, genetic etc
- Appreciate the importance and mechanism of skin and reproductive toxicology
- Explain various mechanisms and effects of pesticides

UNIT I

Introduction to General Toxicology: History of toxicology, classification of toxicology, toxicants exposure, routes exposure and exposure characterization. animal and plant toxins, mechanisms of toxicity, toxicokinetics, biotransformation of xenobiotics.

UNIT - II

Toxicology of the liver, Toxicology of the Lung, Chemical Carcinogenesis & Genetic Toxicology

UNIT - III

Neurotoxicology, Cardiovascular Toxicology, Molecular Toxicology & Toxicogenomics, Immunotoxicology, Toxicology of the Kidney

UNIT - IV

Toxicology of the Intestine, Toxicology of the Skin, Reproductive Toxicology & Teratology, Risk Assessment

UNIT - V

Nanotoxicology, Ecotoxicology, Toxicology of Metals, Analytical/Forensic Toxicology, Toxic Effects of Pesticides, Pesticide Regulation at EPA

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Essential Concepts in Toxicology: Compendium for Pharmacy, Medical, Forensic and Veterinary Toxicology, P K Gupta, Pharmamed Press
2. Casarett & Doull's Essentials of Toxicology by Curtis D. Klaassen, John B. Watkins
3. Principles of Toxicology by Karen Stine, Thomas M. Brown
4. Text Book of Pathology by Harsh Mohan

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

Course Objectives:

- To understand the research problem
- To know the literature studies, plagiarism and ethics
- To get the knowledge about technical writing
- To analyze the nature of intellectual property rights and new developments
- To know the patent rights

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information
- Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasis the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

UNIT - I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

UNIT - II

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, Plagiarism, Research ethics

UNIT - III

Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

UNIT - IV

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT-V:

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"
2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
3. Pharmaceutical Research Methodology and BioStatistics, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press
4. Intellectual Property Rights in Pharmaceutical Industry, B Subba Rao, Pharmamed Press

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.
7. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY – I LAB (Lab – I)

List of experiments

Handling of laboratory animals.

1. Various routes of drug administration.
2. Study of techniques of blood sampling, anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals.
3. To record the dose response curve of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation.
4. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by interpolation method.
5. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by three point method.
6. To carry out bioassay of Ach using isolated ileum/rectus abdominis muscle preparation by four point method.
7. Estimation of pA₂ value on isolated tissues
8. Bioassay of 5-HT using rat fundus strip
9. Bioassay of oxytocin using rat uterus
10. Bioassay of Acetylcholine using isolated tissue of coccyx muscles by three-point/ four-point method.
11. Bioassay of Adrenaline/ Acetylcholine using isolated blood vessels by three-point/ four-point method.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. CPCSEA, OECD, ICH, USFDA, Schedule Y, EPA guidelines,
2. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh
3. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology by S.K. Kulkarni.
4. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
5. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author) Jaypee brothers' medical publishers Pvt. Ltd
6. A practical book of Pharmacology by Ramesh Alluri
7. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author) Jaypee brothers' medical publishers Pvt. Ltd.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS LAB (Lab – II)

The students are required to collect Prescriptions and of clinical details of different patients for their exposure with therapeutic management and other clinical aspects. They are expected to have experience and do a case presentation in the following clinical conditions. The students have to make at least 5 case presentations covering most common diseases. The student should also submit a record of the cases presented. The list of clinical cases presented should include follow-up of the clinical cases mentioned below from the day of admission till discharge and presented in the SOAP (Subjective, Objective, Assessment and Plan) format.

I. The cases may be selected from the following diseases:

1. Neurology & Psychiatry
2. Oncology
3. Infectious Diseases & Immunology
4. Gynecologic & Obstetric Disorders/ Ophthalmology
5. Cardiology
6. Dermatology
7. Endocrinology

II. Rational use of medicines in special population (three)

III. Calculation of Bioavailability and Bioequivalence from the given data (two)

IV. Interpretation of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring reports of a given patient (three)

V. Calculation of various Pharmacoeconomic outcome analysis for the given data (two)

Assignments

The students are required to submit a minimum of three written assignments (1500 to 2000 words) selected from the topics on different disease conditions given to them. The students are required to discuss both the clinical and therapeutic aspects in the same.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology)

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY – II (Professional Core - III)

Course Objective: The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, the subject helps the student to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanism involved

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Discuss the Pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses of drugs used in treatment of diseases

UNIT I

Endocrine Pharmacology: Molecular and cellular mechanism of action of hormones such as growth hormone, prolactin, thyroid, insulin and sex hormones Anti-thyroid drugs, Oral hypoglycemic agents, Oral contraceptives, Corticosteroids. Drugs affecting calcium regulation.

UNIT II

Chemotherapy I Cellular and molecular mechanism of actions and resistance of antimicrobial agents such as β -lactams, aminoglycosides, quinolones, Macrolide antibiotics. Antifungal, antiviral, and anti-TB drugs.

UNIT III

Chemotherapy II: Drugs used in Protozoal Infections Drugs used in the treatment of Helminthiasis Chemotherapy of cancer Immunopharmacology Cellular and biochemical mediators of inflammation and immune response. Allergic or hypersensitivity reactions. Pharmacotherapy of asthma and COPD. Immunosuppressants and Immunostimulants.

UNIT IV

GIT Pharmacology: Antiulcer drugs, Prokinetics, antiemetics, anti-diarrheals and drugs for constipation and irritable bowel syndrome. Chronopharmacology Biological and circadian rhythms, applications of chronotherapy in various diseases like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, asthma, and peptic ulcer

UNIT V

Free radicals Pharmacology: Generation of free radicals, role of free radicals in etiopathology of various diseases such as diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases and cancer. Protective activity of certain important antioxidant Recent Advances in Treatment: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Cancer, Diabetes mellitus

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Goodman and Gilman's
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B. G -Katzung
4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by E T. Herfindal and Gourley.
7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B. C. Yu.

8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists
9. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
10. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S. K Srivastava published by A P C Avichal Publishing Company.
11. K D. Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology Principles of Pharmacology.
12. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr., Ehrin J, Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers
13. Advanced Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology)

PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS AND TOXICOLOGY
(Professional Core - IV)

Course Objective: This subject is designed to impart the knowledge on preclinical evaluation of drugs and recent experimental techniques in the drug discovery and development. The subject content helps the student to understand the maintenance of laboratory animals as per the guidelines, basic knowledge of various in-vitro and in-vivo preclinical evaluation processes

Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Appraise the regulations and ethical requirement for the usage of experimental animals.
- Describe the various animals used in the drug discovery process and good laboratory practices in maintenance and handling of experimental animals
- Describe the various newer screening methods involved in the drug discovery process
- Appreciate and correlate the preclinical data to humans

UNIT I

Laboratory Animals: Common laboratory animals: Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals. Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals. Good laboratory practice. Bioassay- Principle, scope and limitations and methods

UNIT II

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

General principles of preclinical screening. CNS Pharmacology: behavioral and muscle co ordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimers and multiple sclerosis. Drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System.

UNIT III

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

Respiratory Pharmacology: anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti allergics. Reproductive Pharmacology: Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents. Analgesics, anti-inflammatory and antipyretic agents. Gastrointestinal drugs: anti ulcer, anti -emetic, antidiarrheal and laxatives.

UNIT IV

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

Cardiovascular Pharmacology: antihypertensives, antiarrhythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, antidyslipidemic agents. Anti cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods.

UNIT V

Toxicology:

Principles of Toxicology, Mutagenesis and Carcinogenesis.

Teratogenicity & its mechanisms, Counselling of women about teratogenic risks.

Acute and Subacute, Chronic toxicity studies

Classification of Poisons, Principles of Management of Acute Poisoning, General treatment of poisoning

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Biological standardization by J. H. Burn D.J. Finney and I.G. Goodwin
2. Screening methods in Pharmacology by Robert Turner. A
3. Evaluation of drugs activities by Laurence and Bachrach
4. Methods in Pharmacology by Arnold Schwartz.
5. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh
6. Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations by Churchill Livingstone
7. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
8. Experimental Pharmacology by R. K. Goyal.
9. Preclinical evaluation of new drugs by S. K. Gupta
10. Pharmacological Screening Methods & Toxicology by A. Srinivasa Rao
11. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, S K. Kulkarni
12. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, S K. Kulkarni, 3rd Edition.
13. David R. Gross. Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research, 2nd Edition, Kluwer Academic Publishers, London, UK.
14. Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Robert A. Turner.
15. Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments, Dr. Tapan Kumar chatterjee.
16. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology by Bikash Medhi (Author), Ajay Prakash (Author)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology)

QUALITY USE OF MEDICINES (Professional Elective - III)

Course Objective: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice quality use of medicines (QUM) in different healthcare settings and also to promote quality use of medicines, in clinical practice, through evidence-based medicine approach.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Understand the principles of quality use of medicines
- Know the benefits and risks associated with use of medicines
- Understand regulatory aspects of quality use of medicines
- Identify and resolve medication related problems
- Promote quality use of medicines
- Practice evidence-based medicines

UNIT I

Introduction to Quality use of medicines (QUM): Definition and Principles of QUM, Key partners and responsibilities of the partners, Building blocks in QMC, Evaluation process in QMC, Communication in QUM, Cost effective prescribing.

UNIT II

Concepts in QUM Evidence based medicine: Definition, concept of evidence-based medicine, Approach and practice of evidence-based medicine in clinical settings Essential drugs: Definition, need, concept of essential drug, National essential drug policy and list Rational drug use: Definition, concept and need for rational drug use, Rational drug prescribing, Role of pharmacist in rational drug use.

UNIT III

QUM in various settings: Hospital settings, Ambulatory care/Residential care, Role of health care professionals in promoting the QUM, Strategies to promote the QUM, Impact of QUM on E-health, integrative medicine and multidisciplinary care. QUM in special population: Pediatric prescribing, Geriatric prescribing, prescribing in pregnancy and lactation, Prescribing in immune compromised and organ failure patients.

UNIT IV

Regulatory aspects of QUM in India: Regulation including scheduling, Regulation of complementary medicines, Regulation of OTC medicines, Professional responsibility of pharmacist, Role of industry in QUM in medicine development.

UNIT V

Medication errors: Definition, categorization and causes of medication errors, Detection and prevention of medication errors, Role of pharmacist in monitoring and management of medication errors Pharmacovigilance: Definition, aims and need for pharmacovigilance, Types, predisposing factors and mechanism of adverse drug reactions (ADRs), Detection, reporting and monitoring of ADRs, Causality assessment of ADRs, Management of ADRs, Role of pharmacist in pharmacovigilance.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice – Essential concepts and skills –Parthasarathi G, Karin Nyfort-Hansen and Milap Nahata

2. Practical Drug Safety from A to Z By Barton Cobert, Pierre Biron, Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
3. Andrews EB, Moore N. Mann's Pharmacovigilance
4. Dipiro JT, Talbert RL, Yee GC. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic Approach
5. Straus SE, Richardson WS, Glasziou P, Haynes RB. Evidence-Based Medicine: How to practice and teach it
6. Cohen MR. Medication Errors
7. Online:
http://medicinesaustralia.com.au/files/2012/05/MA_QUM_External_Reduced.pdf
<http://curriculum.racgp.org.au/statements/quality-use-of-medicines/>
http://www.rug.nl/research/portal/files/14051541/Chapter_2.pdf
8. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology)

PHARMACOKINETICS AND THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING (Professional Elective - IV)

Course Objective: This course is designed to enable students to understand the basic principles and applications of pharmacokinetics in designing the individualized dosage regimen, to interpret the plasma drug concentration profile in pharmacokinetics, drug interactions and in therapeutic drug monitoring processes to optimize the drug dosage regimen. Also, it enables students to understand the basic concepts of HPLC, Immunoassays and TDM of selected drugs.

Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:

- Design the drug dosage regimen for individual patients
- Interpret and correlate the plasma drug concentrations with patients' therapeutic outcomes □ Recommend dosage adjustment for patients IV Infusion to Oral dosing □ Recommend dosage adjustment for depending on patients response
- Manage TDM of selected drugs
- Apply pharmacokinetic parameters in analytical determination

UNIT I

Introduction to pharmacokinetics: Compartmental and Non-compartmental models, Renal and non-renal clearance, Organ extraction and models of hepatic clearance, Estimation and determinants of bioavailability, Multiple dosing, Calculation of loading and maintenance doses.

UNIT II

Therapeutic Drug Monitoring

Introduction, Necessity of TDM, Criteria for valid TDM, Essentials for effective TDM, Organization of a TDM service, information requirements for TDM, effectiveness of TDM.

UNIT III

Drug selection, Dosage regimen design, Pharmacokinetics of the Drug, Patient compliance, Evaluation of patient's response, Measurement of serum drug concentrations, Monitoring serum drug concentrations, Design of dose regimens. Conversion from i.v. infusion to oral dosing. Determination of dose frequently, dosing of drugs in elderly.

UNIT IV

Analytical aspects of TDM, Uses of HPLC and Immunoassays in TDM

UNIT V

TDM of selected individual drugs - Aminoglycosides, Carbamazepine, Theophylline Digoxin, Methotrexate, Phenytoin, Aspirin, Lithium, Valproic acid.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and B.C. Andrew
2. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring and Clinical Biochemistry by Mike Halworth and Nigel Capps.
3. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Robert E. Notari.
4. Therapeutic Drug Monitoring by Gerald E Schumacher, Pharmamed Press
5. Principles and Prescriptions in Drug Bioavailability by S.Karger.
6. Pharmaceutics and Pharmacy Practice by Gilbert S.Banker
7. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences
8. Dissolution, bio-availability and bio-equivalence by Abdou
9. Pharma Review by Leon Shargel

10. Current concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences by James Swarbrick
11. Drug Disposition and Pharmacokinetics by Stephen H. Curry
12. Pharmacokinetics by Milo Gilbaldi and Donald Perrier 2nd ed Marcel Dekker Inc. New York 1982.
13. Drug Level monitoring, Analytical Techniques, metabolism and pharmacokinetics.
14. Simkin: Handbook of TDM.
15. Goodman & Gilman's The pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics Ed. J.G. Hardman, L.E. Limbird,
16. P.B. Molinoff and R.W. Ruddon. International Edition. McGraw Hill.
17. Principles of drug action the basis of pharmacology by Goldstein A., Arrow L. and Kalman S.M. 2nd ed. John Wiley & sons. Inc. New York 1974.
18. Clinical pharmacokinetics. Concepts and Applications by Rowland M and Tozer N. 3rd ed. Lea and Febiger Philadelphia, 1995.
19. Pharmacokinetics for pharmaceutical scientists Wagner J.G. Technomic. Inc. Lancaster PA 1993.
20. Integration of pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics and Toxicokinetics in Rational Drug Development Plenum, New York, 1993.
21. Applied Pharmacokinetics, Principles of Therapeutic Drug monitoring, by Evans W.E., Schentag J.J. and Jusko W.J. (Eds). 3rd ed. Applied Therapeutics Inc. Vancouver HA. 1992.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology)

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY - II LAB (Lab – III)

List of Experiments

1. To record the dose response curve of Histamine using isolated guinea-pig ileum preparation.
2. Study of agonistic and antagonistic effects of drugs using isolated guinea-pig ileum / rat fundus strip preparation.
3. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using isolated guinea-pig ileum preparation by interpolation method.
4. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using guinea-pig ileum preparation by three point method.
5. To carry out bioassay of Histamine using guinea-pig ileum preparation by four point method.
6. Effect of drugs on chick/rat mean arterial blood pressure (MABP) by using Condon's mercury manometer.
7. Effect of drugs on perfused frog heart

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Goodman and Gill man's
2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B. G -Katzung
4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by E T. Herfindal and Gourley.
7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B. C. Yu.
8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists
9. A practical book of Pharmacology by Ramesh Alluri
10. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
11. A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S. K Srivastava published by A P C Avichal Publishing Company.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm I Year II Sem (Pharmacology)

PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS AND TOXICOLOGY LAB (Lab – IV)

List of Experiments

Study of theory, principle, procedure involved, and interpretation of given results for the following experiments:

1. Analgesic property of drug using analgesiometer.
2. Anti-inflammatory effect of drugs using rat-paw edema method.
3. Anticonvulsant activity of drugs using maximal electroshock and pentylenetetrazole methods.
4. Antidepressant activity of drugs using pole climbing apparatus and pentobarbitone induced sleeping time methods.
5. Locomotor activity evaluation of drugs using actophotometer and rotorod.
6. Cardiotonic activity of drugs using isolated frog heart and mammalian heart preparations.
7. Antidiabetic activity using rats / mice.
8. Hepatoprotective activity
9. Anti ulcer activity
10. Antioxidant activity
11. Toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
12. Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test)

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Screening Methods in Pharmacology, Robert A. Turner.
2. Biological standardization by J. H. Burn D.J. Finney and I.G. Goodwin
3. Screening methods in Pharmacology by Robert Turner. A
4. Evaluation of drugs activities by Laurence and Bachrach
5. Methods in Pharmacology by Arnold Schwartz.
6. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology by M. N. Ghosh
7. Pharmacological experiment on intact preparations by Churchill Livingstone
8. Pharmacological screening methods and toxicology by A. Srinivasa Rao
9. Experimental Pharmacology by R. K. Goyal.
10. Preclinical evaluation of new drugs by S. K. Guta
11. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, S K. Kulkarni
12. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy, S K. Kulkarni, 3rd Edition.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm II Year I Sem (Pharmacology)

HOSPITAL AND COMMUNITY PHARMACY (Professional Elective - V)

Course Objective: This course is designed to impart basic knowledge and skills that are required to practice pharmacy in both hospital and community settings.

Course Outcome:

- Upon completion of this course it is expected that students shall be able to:
- Understand the organizational structure of hospital pharmacy
- Understand drug policy and drug committees
- Know about procurement & drug distribution practices
- Know the admixtures of radiopharmaceuticals
- Understand the community pharmacy management
- Know about value added services in community pharmacies

UNIT I

Introduction to Hospitals – Definition, classification, organizational structure Hospital Pharmacy: Definition, Relationship of hospital pharmacy department with other departments, Organizational structure, legal requirements, work load statistics, Infrastructural requirements, Hospital Pharmacy Budget and Hospital Pharmacy management
Hospital Drug Policy: Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee, Infection Control committee, Research & Ethics Committee, Management of Medicines as per NABH

UNIT II

Hospital Formulary Guidelines and its development, Developing Therapeutic guidelines, Drug procurement process, and methods of Inventory control, Methods of Drug distribution, Intravenous admixtures, Hospital Waste Management

UNIT III

Education and training: Training of technical staff, training and continuing education for pharmacists, Pharmacy students, Medical staff and students, Nursing staff and students, Formal and informal meetings and lectures, Drug and therapeutics newsletter.

Community Pharmacy Practice: Definition, roles & responsibilities of community pharmacists, and their relationship with other health care providers.

Community Pharmacy management: Legal requirements to start community pharmacy, site selection, lay out & design, drug display, super drug store model, accounts and audits, Good dispensing practices, Different softwares & databases used in community pharmacies. Entrepreneurship in community pharmacy.

UNIT IV

Prescription – Legal requirements & interpretation, prescription related problems responding to symptoms of minor ailments: Head ache, pyrexia, menstrual pains, food and drug allergy, OTC medication: Rational use of over the counter medications Medication counseling and use of patient information leaflets Medication adherence – Definition, factors influencing adherence behavior, strategies to improve medication adherence Patient referrals to the doctors. ADR monitoring in community pharmacies

UNIT V

Health Promotion – Definition and health promotion activities, family planning, Health screening services, first aid, prevention of communicable and non-communicable diseases, smoking cessation, Child & mother care

National Health Programs- Role of Community Pharmacist in Malaria and TB control programs
Home Medicines review program – Definition, objectives, Guidelines, method and outcomes
Research in community pharmacy Practice

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Community Pharmacy Practice – Ramesh Adepu, BSP Publishers, Hyderabad
2. Hospital Pharmacy - Hassan WE. Lea and Febiger publication.
3. Textbook of hospital pharmacy - Allwood MC and Blackwell.
4. Avery's Drug Treatment, Adis International Limited.
5. Remington Pharmaceutical Sciences.
6. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature
7. Pharmacy Practice: Essentials of Hospital, Clinical and Community Pharmacy y Sanjaykumar B. Bari, Vishal C. Gurumukhi, Pravinkumar V. Ingle, Pharmamed Press

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD
M.Pharm (Pharmacology)

VALUE EDUCATION (Audit Course - I & II)

Prerequisite: None

Course Objectives: Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self- development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

Course outcomes: Students will be able to

- Knowledge of self-development
- Learn the importance of Human values
- Developing the overall personality

UNIT-I:

Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

UNIT-II:

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

UNIT-III:

Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline, Punctuality, Love and Kindness.

UNIT-IV:

Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

UNIT-V:

Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation, Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively

TEXT BOOKS/ REFERENCES:

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi
2. Indian Culture Values and Professional Ethics, P. S. R. Murty,BS Publications